

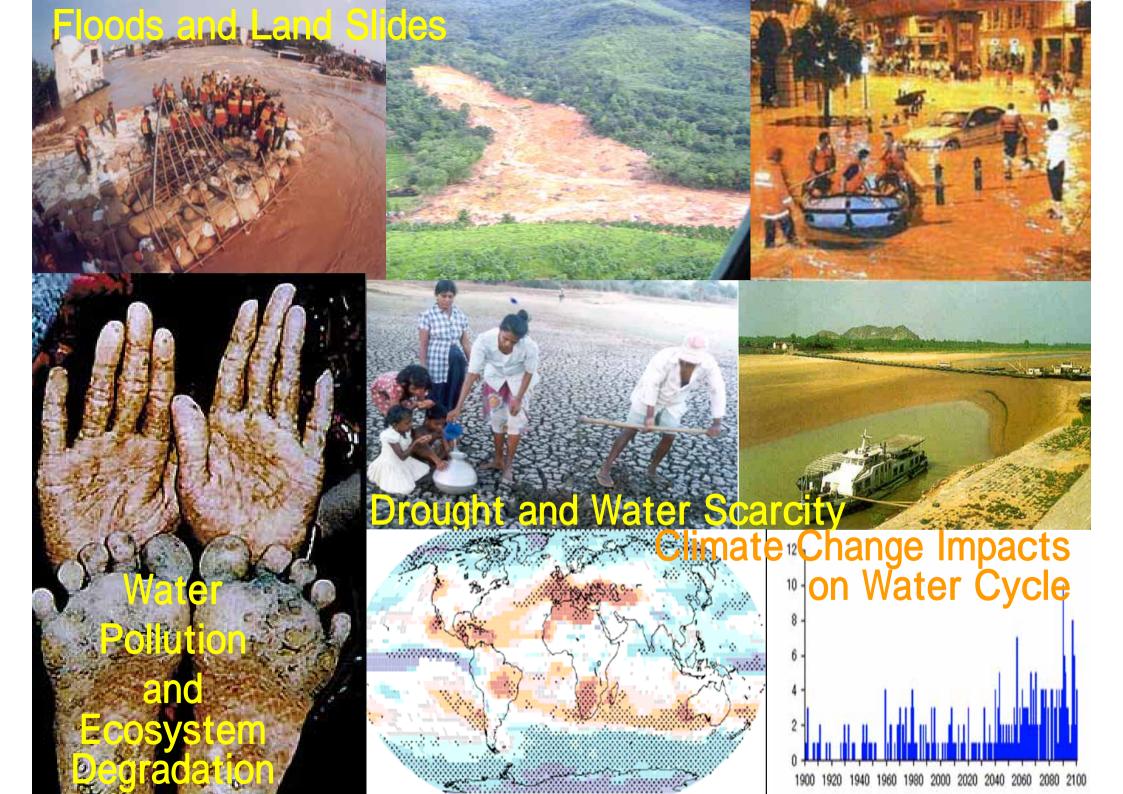
Toward Adaptation
to Alarming Water Cycle Variations
under the Climate Change

Toshio Koike

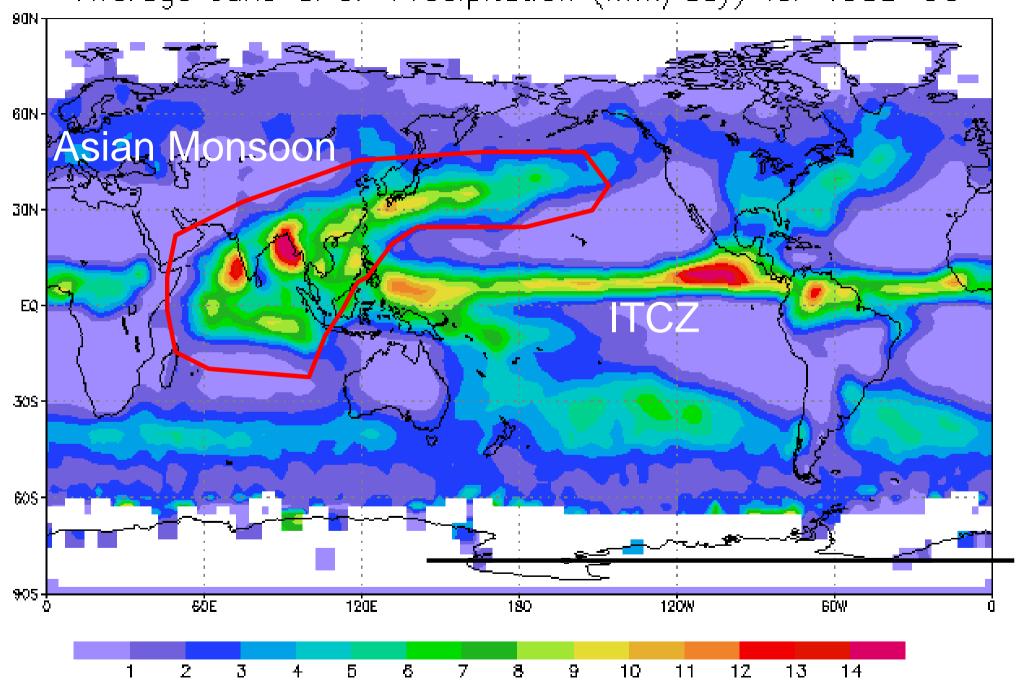
Earth Observation Data Integration and Fusion Research Initiative

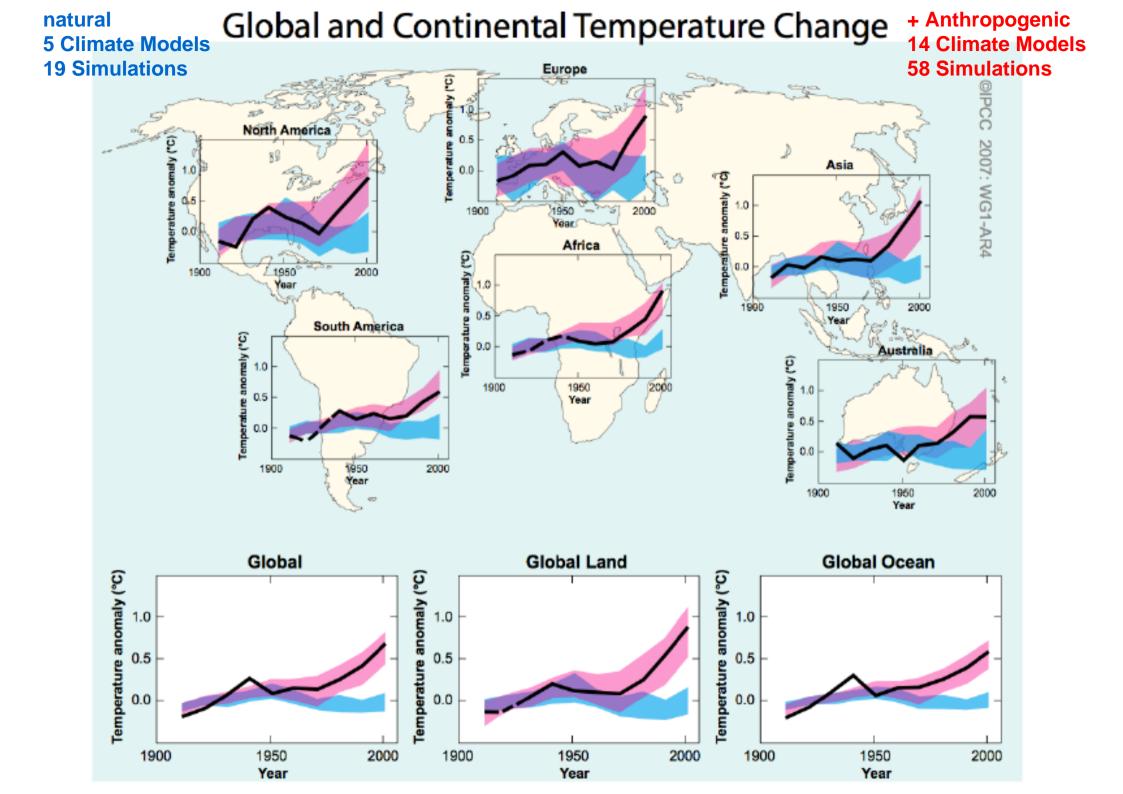
(EDITORIA)

The University of Tokyo



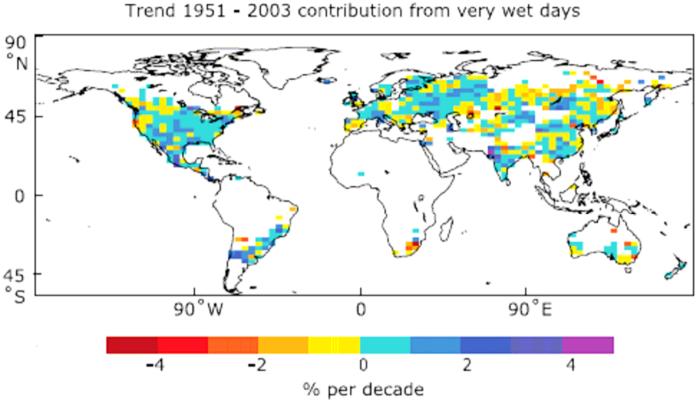
Average June GPCP Precipitation (mm/day) for 1988-96



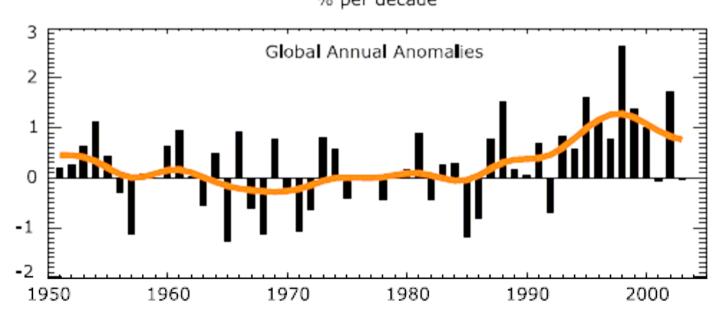


Changes in heavy precipitation frequencies >> Changes in precipitation totals

Observed trends for 1951 to 2003 in the contribution to total annual precipitation from very wet days

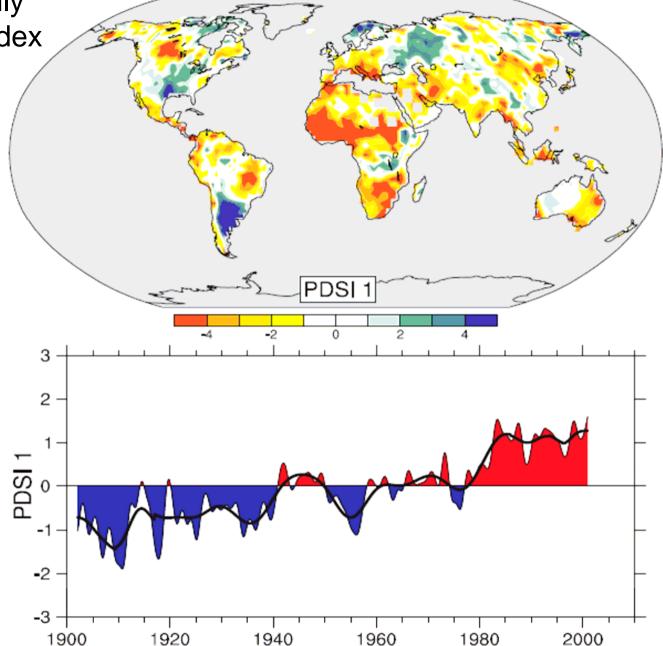


Anomalies (%) of the global annual time series (1961 to 1990)



Spatial pattern of the monthly Palmer Drought Severity Index (PDSI) for 1900 to 2002.

Area affected by drought increase.

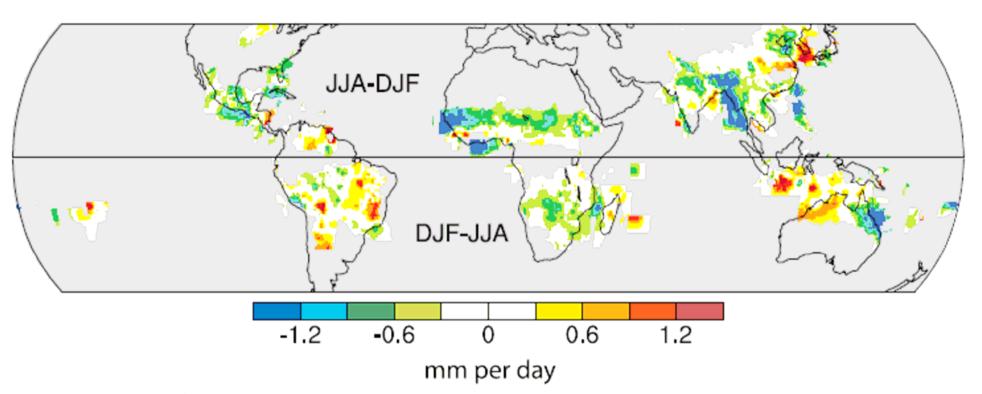


PDSI: a prominent index of drought and measures the cumulative deficit in surface land moisture by incorporating previous precipitation and estimates of moisture drawn into the atmosphere into a hydrological accounting system.

Extreme Weather Events in late 20th century, human contribution, and future trend

Phenomenon ^a and direction of trend	Likelihood that trend occurred in late 20th century (typically post 1960)	Likelihood of a human contribution to observed trend ^b	Likelihood of future trends based on projections for 21st century using SRES scenarios
Warmer and fewer cold days and nights over most land areas	Very likely °	Likely ^d	Virtually certain ^d
Warmer and more frequent hot days and nights over most land areas	Very likely ^e	Likely (nights) ^d	Virtually certain ^d
Warm spells / heat waves. Frequency increases over most land areas	Likely	More likely than not ^f	Very likely
	Likely	More likely than not ^f	> 90%
	Likely in many regions since 1970s	More likely than not	> 66%
	Likely in some regions since 1970	More likely than not f	> 66%
Increased incidence of extreme high sea level (excludes tsunamis) ^g	Likely	More likely than not ^{f, h}	Likely ⁱ

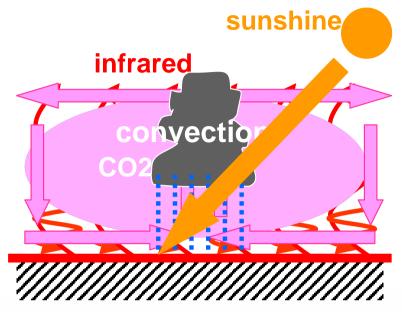
Monsoon Rainfall increase or decrease?

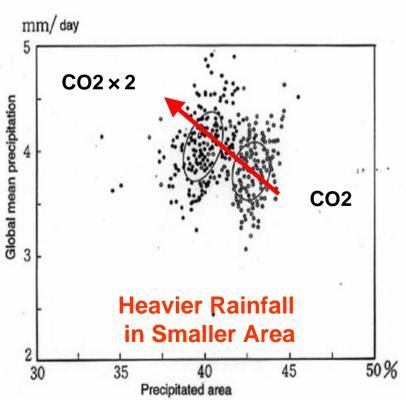


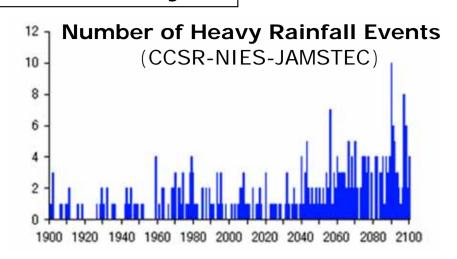
Change in the mean annual range of precipitation:]1976 to 2003 minus 1948 to 1975 periods (mm per day).

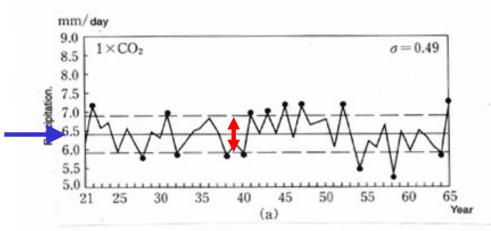


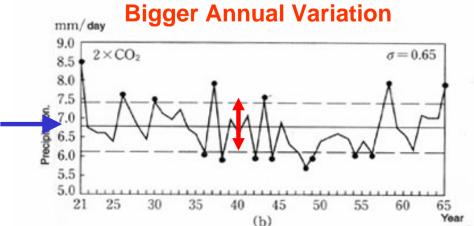
Impacts of the Global Warming on the Water Cycle

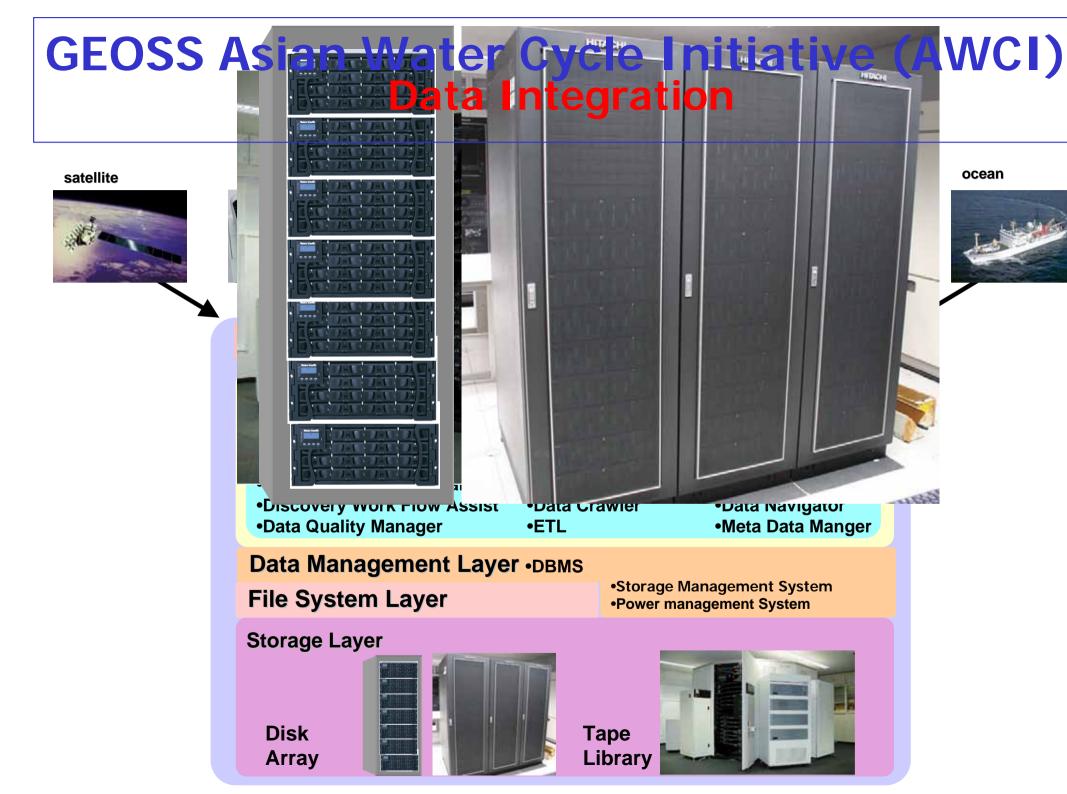




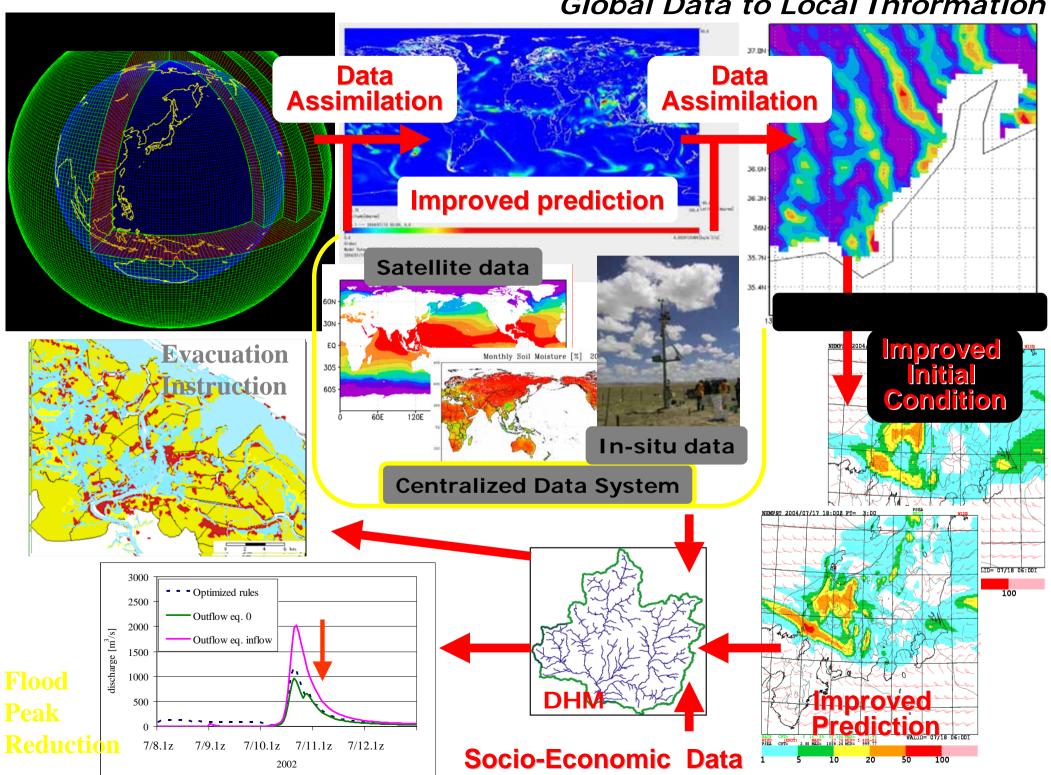








Global Data to Local Information



A Global Earth Observation System of Systems GEOSS



1st Asian Water Cycle Symposium, Tokyo, Nov. 2005 1st Task Team Meeting, Bangkok, Sep. 2006 1st Capacity Building Workshop, Sep. 2006 2nd Asian Water Cycle Symposium, Tokyo, Jan. 2007 1st GEOSS AP Symposium, Tokyo, Jan. 2007 International Coordination Group Meeting, Bali, Sep. 2007 Asian Water Cycle Symposium, Beppu, Dec. 2007

GEOSS Asian Water Cycle Initiative (AWCI)

To promote integrated water resources management by making usable information from GEOSS, for addressing the common water-related problems in Asia.

Uniqueness

- · A River Basin of Each Country
- Observation Convergence
- ·Interoperability Arrangement
- Data Integration
- Open Data & Source Policies
- Capacity Building
- Early Achievements

GEOSS Asian Water Cycle Initiative (AWCI) 17 River Basins for Initial Demonstration



