

Long-term Forest Observation, Data Sharing and Future Extensions in Japan

Masae Ishihara & Tsutomu Enoki (Kyoto University and Kyushu University, Japan)



Forest research network developing to broader networks & projects

Three examples (1) Monitoring 1000 project Biodiversity and function & Top-down network

(2) ReSIN Nutrient cycling & Bottom-up network

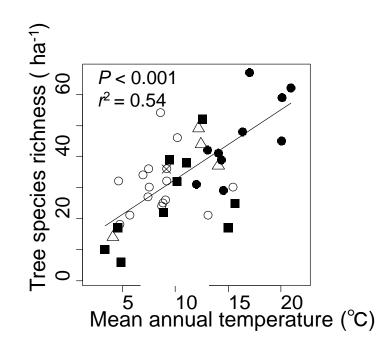
(3) Allometry database Biomass & Non-funded personal collaboration

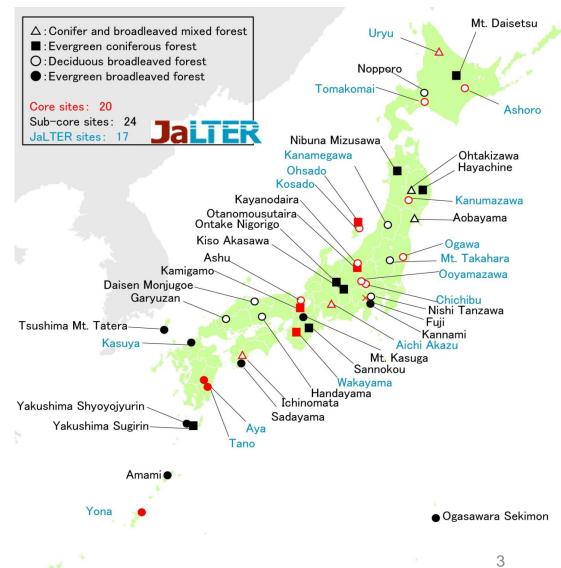
Data sharing: data paper and database Capacity building: training course

Monitoring sites 1000 project



- Program by the Ministry of the Environment, Japan
- Since 2004 until 2104?
- 58 forest plots
- 1 ha
- Tree census & litter traps ground beetle





Monitoring sites 1000 project





Uniform protocols

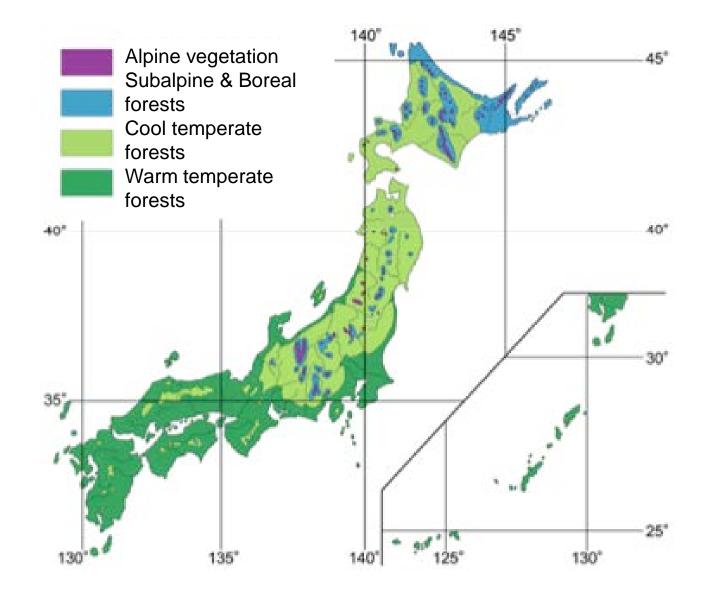
Litter trap



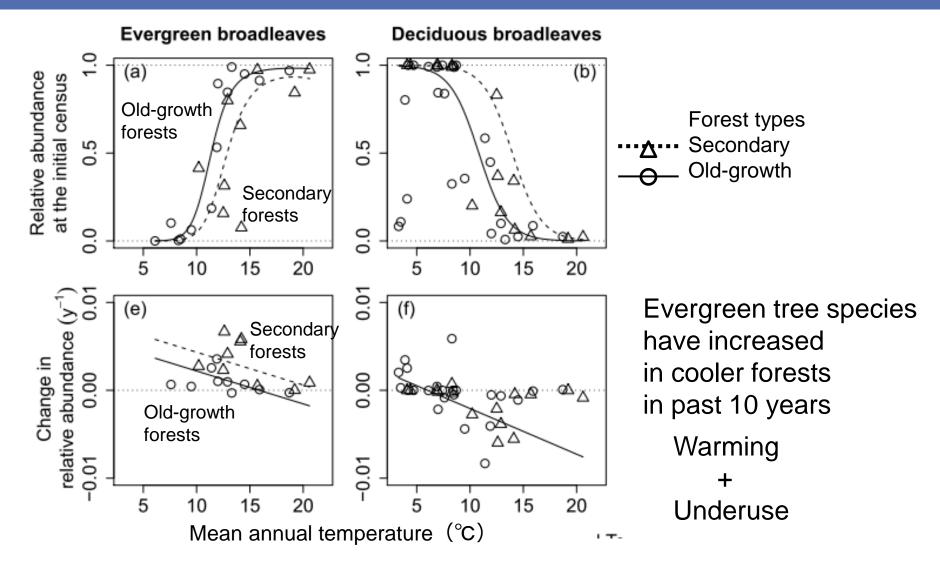
Ground beetle



Climate change and vegetation shift in Japan?



An example of usage of monitoring data to detect changing biodiversity



Suzuki SN, Ishihara MI and Hidaka A (2015) Regional-scale directional changes in abundance of tree species along a temperature gradient in Japan. Global Change Biology, 21: 3436–3444.

Data sharing

Web site	
★ 展現者 学 23号#45℃/>-	HOME サイトマップ
중 モニタリングサイト1000	
HOME モニタリングサイト1000とは モニタリングサイトーR 両正 TOP モニタリングサイト1000 : 調査結果 データファイル ・ デ	1結果 月宮マニュアル ータファイル「毎木調査」
データファイル「毎木調査」	お知らせ
このページでは、「モニタリングサイト1000森林・草原調査」で行われ ている調査の1つである毎木調査について、その調査結果(データ)を公開 しています。	■2016.12.27 モニタリングサイト1000 干潟 調査・永浦干潟サイトの平成28
毎木調査とは	年度調査の結果速報を掲載しま した。
で、1ヘクタール(100m×100m)程度の調査区(ブロット)内に生育している 樹木のうち、胸高周囲長(地上高約1.3mの幹の周囲長)が15cm以上の幹を 対象として、胸高周囲長、種名、位置を記録するものです。 ※調査方法の詳細については、コアサイト設定・毎木調査マニュアルをご 参照ください。	■2016.12.27 お知らせすべて表示
データを利用するには	
本データを利用される場合は、必ず以下の「テータの利用方法」及び「毎 木調査データの機要と利用上の注意点」をお読みいただき、これらに書かれ ている利用方法や注意点等にご留意の上、ダウンロードしてください。	
データの利用方法 毎木調査データの概要と利用上の注意点 (PDF:310KB)	
毎木調査データの更新履歴 (XLS:21KB)	ニュースレター
アンケートに回答後。 データファイルをダウンロードする	検討会
ダウンロードできるデータファイルのイメージ	
	リンク

Data paper

Ecol Res (2011) 26: 1007-1008 DOI 10.1007/s11284-011-0847-y

DATA PAPER

Masae I. Ishihara · Satoshi N. Suzuki · Masahiro Nakamura · Tsutomu Enoki · Akio Fuijwara Tsutom Hiura · Kosuke Homma · Daisuke Hoshino · Kazuhiko Hoshizaki · Hideyuki Ida Ken Ishida · Akira Itoh · Takayuki Kaneko · Kaname Kubota · Koichiro Kuraji · Shigeo Kuramoto Akifumi Makita · Takashi Masaki · Kanji Namikawa · Kaoru Niiyama · Mahoko Noguchi Haruto Nomiya · Tatsuhiro Ohkubo · Satoshi Saito · Takeshi Sakai · Michinori Sakimoto Hitoshi Sakio · Hirofumi Shibano · Hisashi Sugita · Mitsuo Suzuki · Atsushi Takashima Nobuyuki Tanaka · Naoaki Tashiro · Naoko Tokuchi · Yakushima Forest Environment Conservation Center · Toshiya Yoshida · Yumiko Yoshida

Forest stand structure, composition, and dynamics in 34 sites over Japan

Received: 4 March 2011 / Accepted: 16 May 2011 / Published online: 30 August 2011 C The Ecological Society of Japan 2011

lected in a network of 34 forest sites in Japan. This is the data provide species abundance, survivorship and stem largest forest data set freely available in Japan to date. girth growth of 52,534 individuals of 334 tree and liana The network is a part of the Monitoring Sites 1000 species. The censuses adopted common census protocol, Project launched by the Ministry of the Environment, which provide good opportunities for meta-analyses and Japan. It covers subarctic to subtropical climate zones comparative studies among forests. The data have been and the four major forest types in Japan. Forty-two used for ecological studies as well as for the biodiversity permanent plots, usually 1 ha in size, were established in reports published by the Ministry of the Environment. old-growth or secondary natural forests. Censuses of woody species ≥15 cm girth at breast height were Keywords Plot network · Forest · Tree species

The complete data set for this abstract published in the Data Paper section of the journal is available in electronic format in Ecolog Research Data Paper Archives at http://db.cger.nies.go.jp/JaLTER/ ER_DataPapers/archives/2011/ERDP-2011-01/.

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K. Homma · H. Sakio Field Center for Sustainable Agriculture and Forestry, Faculty of Agriculture, Niigata University, Sado, Japan

Abstract This data paper reports tree census data col- conducted every year or once during 2004 to 2009. The

abundance · Stem diameter · Tree demography · Japan · The Monitoring Sites 1000 Project

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T. Kaneko Graduate School of Agriculture, Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan

K. Kubota Faculty of Agriculture, University of Miyazaki, Miyazaki, Japan

Data paper

- Peer-reviewed paper about data (data + metadata)
- Authors should make data open to the public
- Data will be archived with good meta data
 → Long term preservation of data
 → Enhance data usage for various purpose
- User can use raw data by citing the data paper
 → Authors get citation



DATA PAPER



Masae I. Ishihara · Satoshi N. Suzuki · Masahiro Nakamura · Tsutomu Enoki · Akio Fujiwara Tsutom Hiura · Kosuke Homma · Daisuke Hoshino · Kazuhiko Hoshizaki · Hideyuki Ida Ken Ishida · Akira Itoh · Takayuki Kaneko · Kaname Kubota · Koichiro Kuraji · Shigeo Kuramoto Akifumi Makita · Takashi Masaki · Kanji Namikawa · Kaoru Niiyama · Mahoko Noguchi Haruto Nomiya · Tatsuhiro Ohkubo · Satoshi Saito · Takeshi Sakai · Michinori Sakimoto Hitoshi Sakio · Hirofumi Shibano · Hisashi Sugita · Mitsuo Suzuki · Atsushi Takashima Nobuyuki Tanaka · Naoaki Tashiro · Naoko Tokuchi · Yakushima Forest Environment Conservation Center · Toshiya Yoshida · Yumiko Yoshida

Forest stand structure, composition, and dynamics in 34 sites over Japan

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Abstract This data paper reports tree census data collected in a network of 34 forest sites in Japan. This is the largest forest data set freely available in Japan to date. The network is a part of the Monitoring Sites 1000 Project launched by the Ministry of the Environment, Japan. It covers subarctic to subtropical climate zones and the four major forest types in Japan. Forty-two permanent plots, usually 1 ha in size, were established in old-growth or secondary natural forests. Censuses of woody species \geq 15 cm girth at breast height were

The complete data set for this abstract published in the Data Paper section of the journal is available in electronic format in *Ecological Research Data Paper Archives* at http://db.cger.nies.go.jp/JaLTER/ER_DataPapers/archives/2011/ERDP-2011-01/.

M. I. Ishihara · S. N. Suzuki (🖾) · M. Nakamura Network Center of Forest and Grassland Survey, Monitoring Sites 1000 Project conducted every year or once during data provide species abundance, surv girth growth of 52,534 individuals of species. The censuses adopted commowhich provide good opportunities for comparative studies among forests. T used for ecological studies as well as f reports published by the Ministry of

Keywords Plot network · Forest · Tré abundance · Stem diameter · Tree dei Japan · The Monitoring Sites 1000 Pi



D. Hoshino · H. Sugita Tohoku Research Center, Forestry and Forest Products Research Institute, Morioka, Japan

Data will be stored in archives of **JaliteR** (Japan Long Term Ecological Research Network)

Ecological Research Data Paper Archives



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Info

ERDP-2011-01

<u>Title:</u> Forest stand structure, composition, and dynamics in 34 sites over Japan <u>Authors:</u> Ishihara *et. al.*

Accession Number: ERDP-2011-01

Accepted: Aug 2011

Published on: Ecological Research (2011) 26: 1007-1008. (DOI 10.1007/s11284-011-0847-y)

Click to see Metadata.

Data Files are stored in JaLTER Database.

http://db.cger.nies.go.jp/JaLTER/ER_DataPapers/info

News

New articles available	
	Sep 18, 2012
ERDP-2012-01 avalilable	
	Jan 17, 2012
ERDP-2011-01 avalilable	
	Aug 25, 2011
	More news
News	
Archives	
2011	
ERDP-2011-	01
Metadat	a

Extension to a new project

Human impacts on the ecosystem services of East Asia through biodiversity degradation (S9-3) 2011~2016 Funded by the Ministry of the Environment, Japan

Diversity and ecosystem services Tree functional traits database* (Masahiro Aiba, Hiroko Kurokawa, Yusuke Onoda) maximum height, leaf mass per area (LMA), seed mass, wood density, leaf size *a measurable property of organisms that strongly influences organismal performance

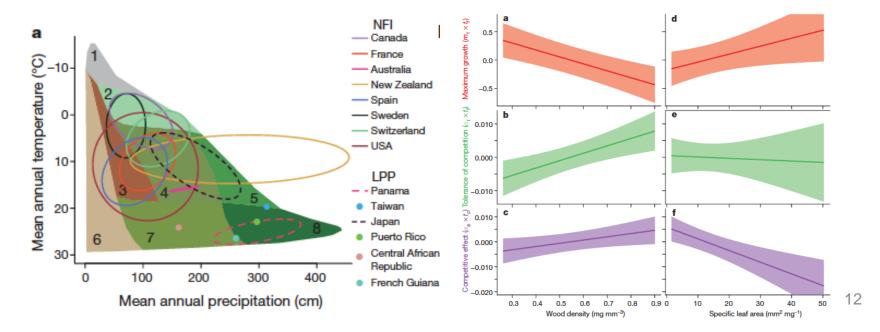


Usage of the trait and demography datasets for global analysis

Nature 529:1-15 (2016)

Plant functional traits have globally consistent effects on competition

Georges Kunstler^{1,2,3}, Daniel Falster³, David A. Coomes⁴, Francis Hui⁵, Robert M. Kooyman^{3,6}, Daniel C. Laughlin⁷, Lourens Poorter⁸, Mark Vanderwel⁹, Ghislain Vieilledent¹⁰, S. Joseph Wright¹¹, Masahiro Aiba¹², Christopher Baraloto^{13,14}, John Caspersen^{15,16}, J. Hans C. Cornelissen¹⁷, Sylvie Gourlet–Fleury¹⁰, Marc Hanewinkel^{18,19}, Bruno Herault²⁰, Jens Kattge^{21,22}, Hiroko Kurokawa¹²†, Yusuke Onoda²³, Josep Peñuelas^{24,25}, Hendrik Poorter²⁶, Maria Uriarte²⁷, Sarah Richardson²⁸, Paloma Ruiz–Benito^{29,30}, I–Fang Sun³¹, Göran Ståhl³², Nathan G. Swenson³³, Jill Thompson^{34,35}, Bertil Westerlund³², Christian Wirth^{22,36}, Miguel A. Zavala³⁰, Hongcheng Zeng¹⁵, Jess K. Zimmerman³⁵, Niklaus E. Zimmermann¹⁶ & Mark Westoby³



Forest research network developing to broader networks & projects

Three examples (1) Monitoring 1000 project Biodiversity and function & Top-down network

(2) ReSIN

Nutrient cycling & Bottom-up network

(3) Allometry database Biomass & Non-funded personal collaboration

Data sharing: data paper and database Capacity building: training course

ReSIN (Regional and comparative Soil Incubaton Study on Nitrogen dynamics in forest ecosystems)

Network research by researchers

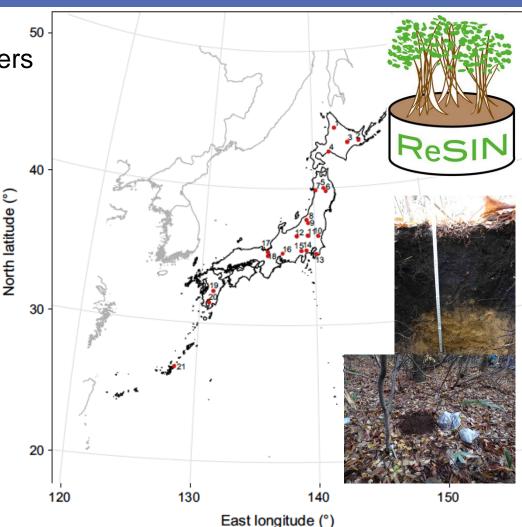
Soil nitrogen dynamics

Biogeochemicall nitrogen properties of forest soils

Uniform protocol

Effects of freeze-thaw cycles

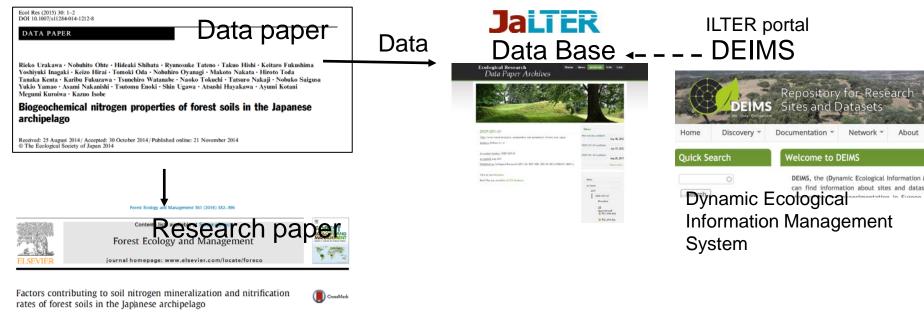




Urakawa, R., H. Shibata, M. Kuroiwa, Y. Inagaki, R. Tateno, T. Hishi, K. Fukuzawa, K. Hirai, H. Toda, N. Oyanagi, M. Nakata, A. Nakanishi, K. Fukushima, T. Enoki, and Y. Suwa. 2014. Effects of freeze-thaw cycles resulting from winter climate change on soil nitrogen cycling₁ in ten temperate forest ecosystems throughout the Japanese archipelago. *Soil Biology and Biochemistry* 74:82–94.



Study about issues as climate change adaptation by using environmental information in DIAS (Data Integration and Analysis System)



Rieko Urakawa^{a,*}, Nobuhito Ohte^b, Hideaki Shibata^c, Kazuo Isobe^a, Ryunosuke Tateno^d, Tomoki Oda^a, Takuo Hishi⁶, Keitaro Fukushima⁴, Yoshiyuki Inagaki⁸, Keizo Hirai^h, Nobuhiro Oyanagi¹, Makoto Nakata¹, Hiroto Toda k, Tanaka Kenta l, Megumi Kuroiwa m, Tsunehiro Watanabe c, Karibu Fukuzawa c Naoko Tokuchi d, Shin Ugawa n, Tsutomu Enoki e, Asami Nakanishi d, Nobuko Saigusa o, Yukio Yamao o, Ayumi Kotani^p

Urakawa, R. et al.. 2015. Biogeochemical nitrogen properties of forest soils in the Japanese archipelago. *Ecological Research* 30:1–2. Urakawa, R., et al. 2016. Factors contributing to soil nitrogen mineralization and nitrification rates of forest soils in the Japanese archipelago. Forest Ecology and Management 361:382-396.

Extension to education

ILTER Nitrogen Initiative Training Course 2016



Expose young researchers to state-of-the-art approaches to analysis of nitrogen cycling in ecosystems with a focus on key ecosystem processes and implications for environmental pollution



Why LTER is important?

<u>Highlights</u>



Report 46 sp FM BG

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Allometry database

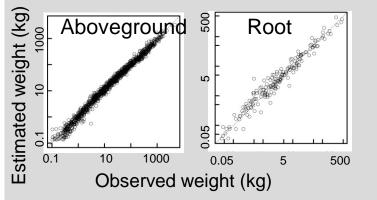
Compiled tree biomass dataset

1,486 trees, 122 species 73 natural forests in Japan 1951-2010

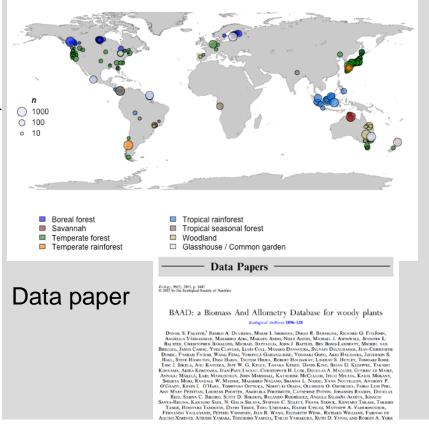


Scientific paper Grey literature

Generic equations to estimate forest biomass in natural forests



BAAD: Biomass And Allometry Database 19,752 trees, 645 species 259 locations



Ishihara MI et al. (2015) Efficacy of generic allometric equations for estimating biomass: a test in Japanese natural forests. *Ecological Applications*, 25: 1433-1446.

Falster DS et al. (2015) BAAD: a Biomass And Allometry Database for woody plants. *Ecology*, 96: 1445.

Grey literature

"materials and research produced by organizations outside of the traditional commercial or academic publishing and distribution channels" "Grey literature may be difficult to discover, access and evaluate"

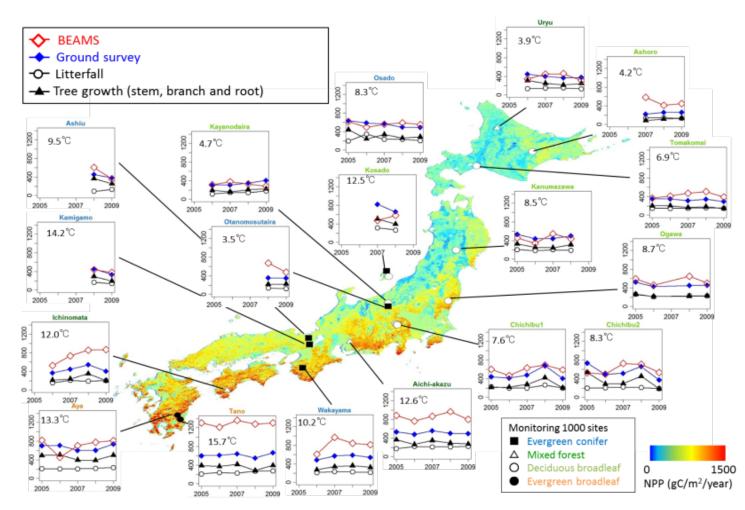
(Wikipedia)

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3.3 - 4.3	9550		••••	9550	9550		6236			6236	6236	
· 23 - 53	7150	930		8080	8080		4669	525		5.194	. 5194	·····
5.3 - 63	4000	3660		7660	7660		2619	2064		. 4683	4683	
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8.3 - 7.3	. 115	4720	3650	4835	8485	114245	75	2662	1661	2737	4398	114245
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Extension to models and remote sensing

Net Primary Productivity

Ground survey vs. Biosphere model BEAMS (Sasai et al. 2012).



NPP from ground survey (the sum of tree growth and litterfall) was estimated from generic allometric equations, Monitoring 1000 project.

Map shows NPP estimated from biosphere model BEAMS.

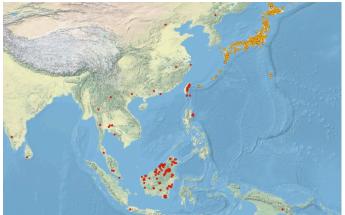
Common location, spatial resolution, time period

Long-term Forest Observation, Data Sharing and Future Extensions in Asia

Network of sites under uniform protocols: Monitoring 1000, ReSIN Compilation of existing data: Allometry database

Sharing data Database and data paper

New projects, collaboration, research



Long-term forest plots in SE Asia surveyed by formal reference search (Ishihara et al. 2014)

Ishihara, M. I., et al.. 2014. Evaluating relationship between biodiversity and ecosystem functions in forests using forest inventory data and allometry data. Pages 351–365 in S. Nakano, T. Yahara, and T. Nakashizuka, editors. *Asia-Pacific Biodiversity Observation Network:* 21 *Integrative Observations and Assessments*. Springer Japan.

National Forest Inventory Data

EU-Forest, a high-resolution tree occurrence dataset for Europe Mauri A, Strona G & San-Miguel-Ayanz J (2017 Jan. 5) *Scientific Data* (Nature Publishing Group) 4:160123 doi: 10.1038/sdata.2016.123

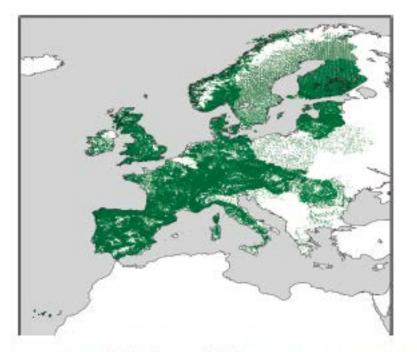


Figure 1. Spatial distribution of all the occurrences present in EU-Forest.

Aggregated to 1 km × 1 km 249,410 plots 588,983 occurrences of 242 species

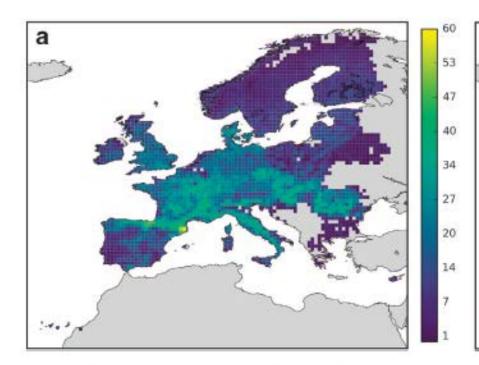


Figure 3. Tree diversity indices. Tree species rich dataset at a resolution of 0.5×0.5 degrees. Relative