





# **MAJOR ACHIEVEMENTS**

- National Conservation Strategy, 1988
- •National Environmental Policy and Action Plan I and II
- National Environmental Impact Assessment Guideline
- Environmental Protection Act and Regulations
- National Wetlands Policy
- Environmental Education Curricula and Materials
- Churia Area Programme Strategy
- Guideline on Monitoring Indicators for Gender, Poverty and Social Equity
- Nature Conservation National Strategic Framework for Sustainable Development, 2015
   National Pollution Control Strategy and Action Plan, 2016
- Improved conservation of important biodiversity & habitat conservation
- -Biodiversity database and status reporting
- -Sustainable local-level planning and building environmental institutional capacity among NGOs
- Ecosystem mgmt. and sustainability
- -Environmental mainstreaming and governance
- -Linking wetland conservation with sustainable livelihoods
- -Conservation of and anti-poaching awareness of wildlife species
- -Climate change adaptation
- -Improved livelihood security for the natural resource dependent poor
- -Increased knowledge development and policy feedback



## **Major Contributions at field level:**

#### **Ecosystems Protecting Infrastructure and Communities (EPIC)**

Practical action to demonstrate DRR through environmental management Collaborating with the University of Lausanne to conduct research with leading bioengineering experts in vulnerable communities of Nepal

#### Forest and Farm Facility (FFF)

A new multi-stakeholder approach to build capacity at all levels in advocacy, livelihoods and landscape management

National and International dialogue between Guatemala, Nicaragua, Nepal, Myanmar, the Gambia and Liberia to learn and build diverse practices

### **Enhancing Livelihoods & Food Security from Agroforestry and Community Forestry (ACIAR)**

Revitalizing and enhancing abandoned land for communities and the environment Research being conducted in 1200 hhs of 48 CFUGs in 4 districts on interconnected issues in migration, land abandonment, livelihoods and food security

## Ecosystem-based Adaptation (EbA) Ecosystem Based

Approaches to Climate Change Adaptation Strengthening the evidence and informing policy (EbA) activities

Bio-Energy to Reduce Carbon Emissions (Switch Asia) Reducing carbon emissions and enhancing local employment Up-scaling production and consumption of bioenergy to reduce carbon usage in mountain communities

