Indonesian Country Reports on GEOSS-related Activities

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Presentation Outlines

- Role of LAPAN on Earth Observation
- Satellite Technology Development
- Remote Sensing Data Availability
- Remote Sensing Application

 (Natural resources, Environment, Disaster Mitigation, and Strategic Mission)
- Green House Gases and Climate Change
- Collaborations



Role of LAPAN on Earth Observation



Role of LAPAN in Indonesian Space Law (No. 21/2013)

Substances related to remote sensing activities, such as:

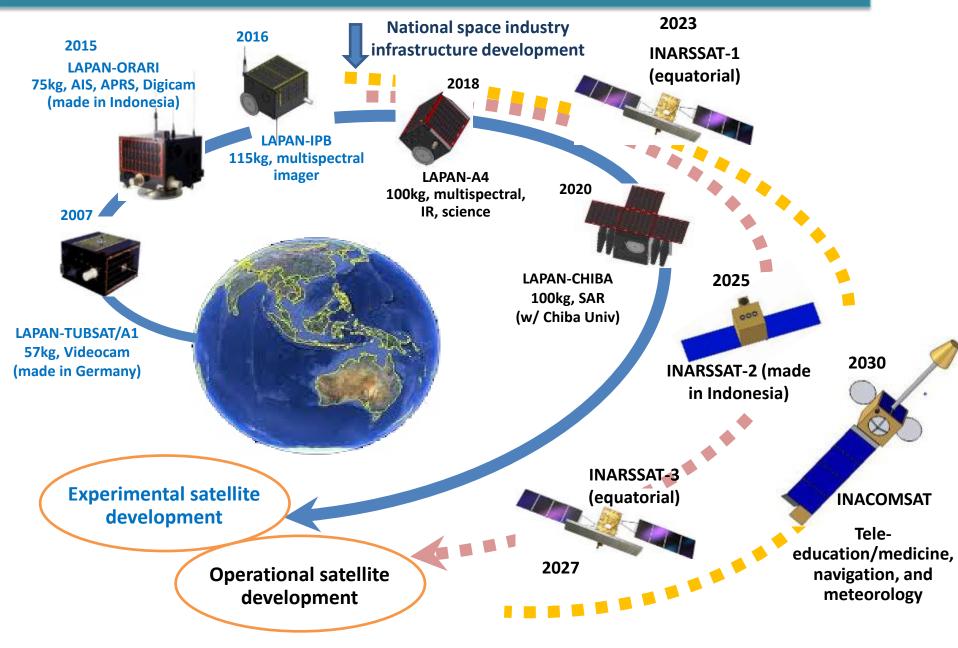
- Planning, developing and operating satellites and remote sensing ground stations (articles 16 and 17).
- Procurement of high-resolution remote sensing data (article 18).
- Preparation of the standard methods and the data processing quality (article 19).
- Organizing the storage and distribution of data through the National Remote Sensing Data Bank as a network node remote sensing data in the National Spatial Data Network System (article 20).
- Establish guidelines for the use and dissemination of remote sensing information (article 22).



Satellites Technology Development

SATELLITE TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM





SATELLITE SPECIFICATIONS





Satellite Technical Specifications

- Dimension : 677x574X960 mm (antenna include)
- Weight 115kg
- ~97 inclination (Polar) Orbit
- Altitude 505 Km

Power System:

- 5 GaÁs Solar Arays : @ 465X262 mm: 30 cell in series, Max Power 37 Watt
- Li-On Battery with capacity of 36 Ah with 16 V Nominal Voltage

Communications and Data Handling

- UHF for 2 TTCs; 1200bps; FFSK; 5 W RF output
- X-Band ; 105 Mbps; 5 W max RF Output
 S-Band ; 3,5 W RF Output
- OBDH is 32 bit RISC processor
- On Board Data Solid State Memory with 4 GB RAM & 16 GB Flash Memory with CCSDS Formatter

Attitude Control System

- 4 reaction wheel & gyro
- 2 Star Sensor
- 3 magnetic coils
- 6 single solar cell for sun sensors
- 1 Pitch sensor
- 2 Horizon Sensor

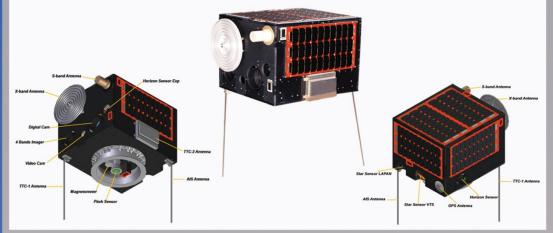
Pavloads

- Camera 1
 - On Push-broom Multispectral 4 band Imagers (R,G,B, Nir) with 300 mm Lens; 8002 Pixel; Digitalization of Max 16 bits.
 - Ground Resolution of ~15 Meters and Swath of 100 Km.
- Camera 2
 - Digital Space Camera with 1000 mm lens with 2000x2000pixel; 14 Bits Digitalization
 - Ground Resolution of 3 meters with 6 Km Swath
- Camera 3
- CCD Color Video Camera with ~150 Meters Resolution
- Automatic Identification System (AIS) Receiver; Sensitivity 117 dBm: Estimated footprint
- 2800 km radius; Max no of ships to be track : 104/min
- Space based Magnetometer

LAPAN - A3 / LAPAN-IPB SATELLITE

Microsatellite for Experimental Remote Sensing, Maritime Traffic Monitoring and Earth Magnetic Field Measurement

Satellite Structure and Sub System

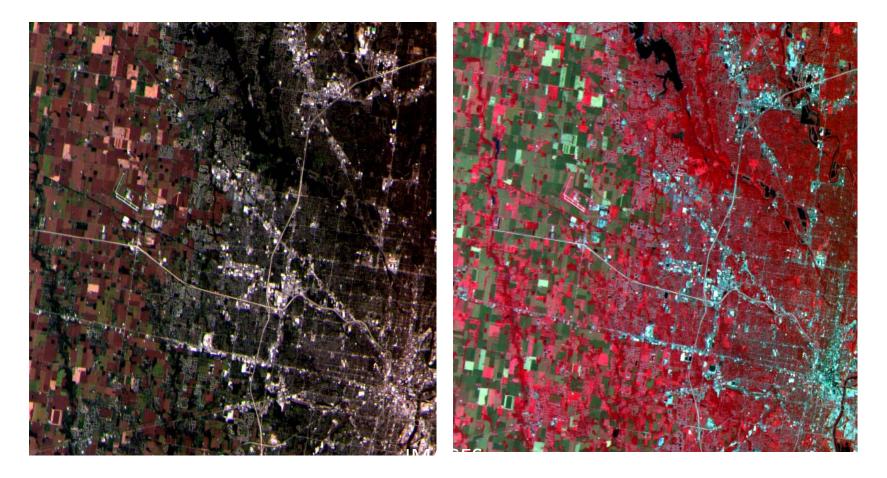


MISSIONS:

- 1. Design, integration, test and operation is done in Indonesia.
- 2. Earth observation with 4 bands multispectral imager for land use classification and environment observation.
- 3. Supporting global maritime awareness by reception of Ship AIS signal.
- 4. Earth Magnetic Field measurement for scientific purposes.

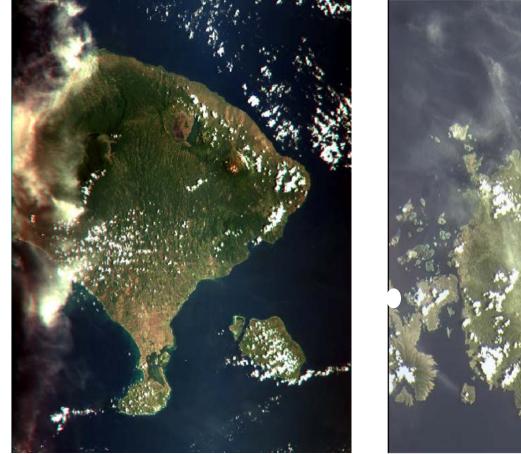


Imaging Testing of LAPAN-A3: Indiana Polis (True & False color)



First Images Taken 27 September 2016. All Band working. Vegetation can be seen by NIR channel

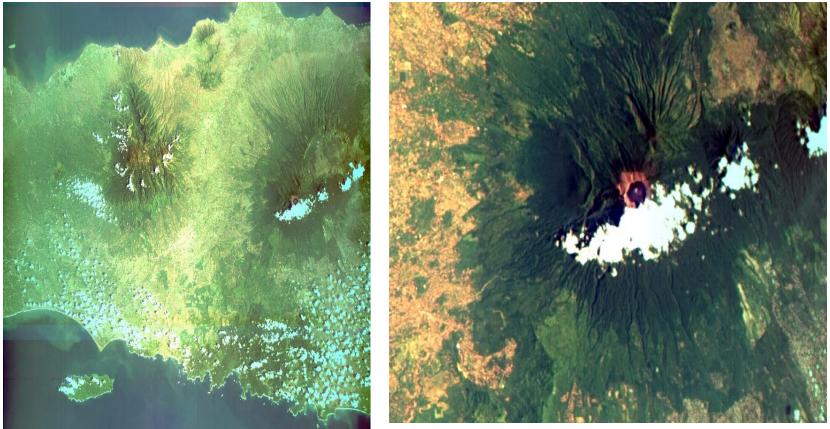






Imaging taken by LAPAN A-3 Lumajang – East Java





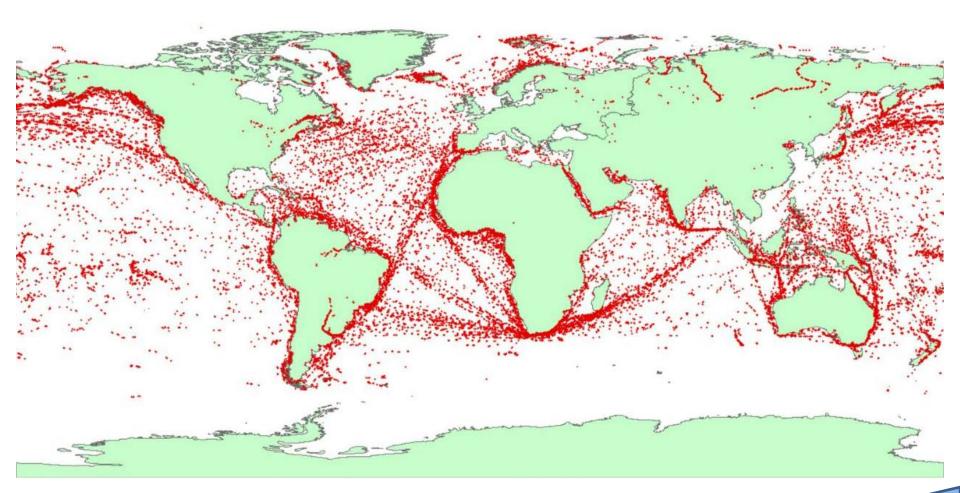
Raung Mountain – East Java

Taken 18 October 2016

SAMPLE OF LAPAN-A3 AIS DATA : SHIP TRACKING







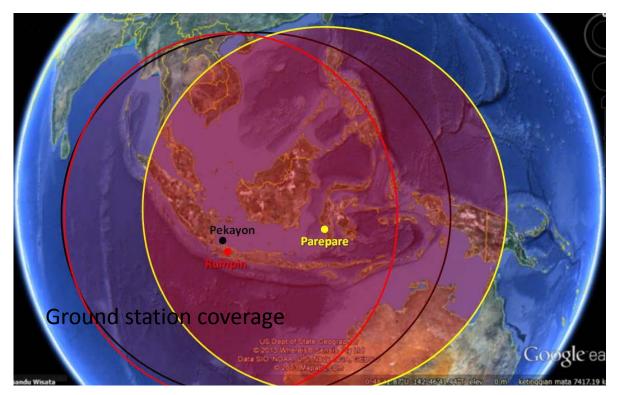
Red dots represent all ship positions



Remote Sensing Data Availability

Remote Sensing Data Facility







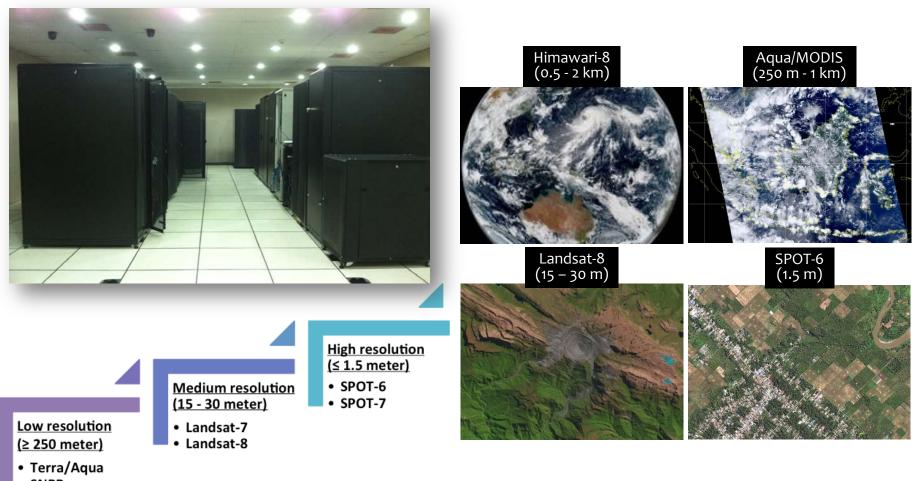
Jakarta





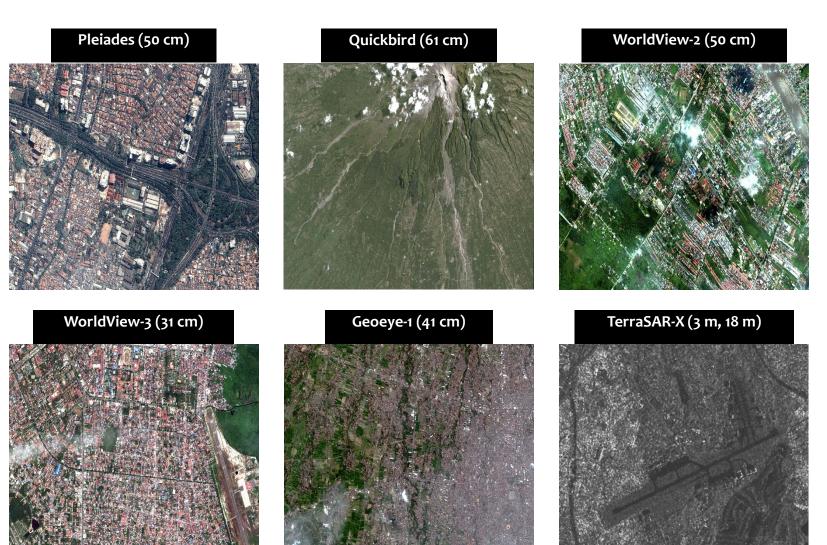


Data received by LAPAN Ground Stations



- SNPP
- NOAA-18/19
- MetOp
- Himawari-8

Other available data

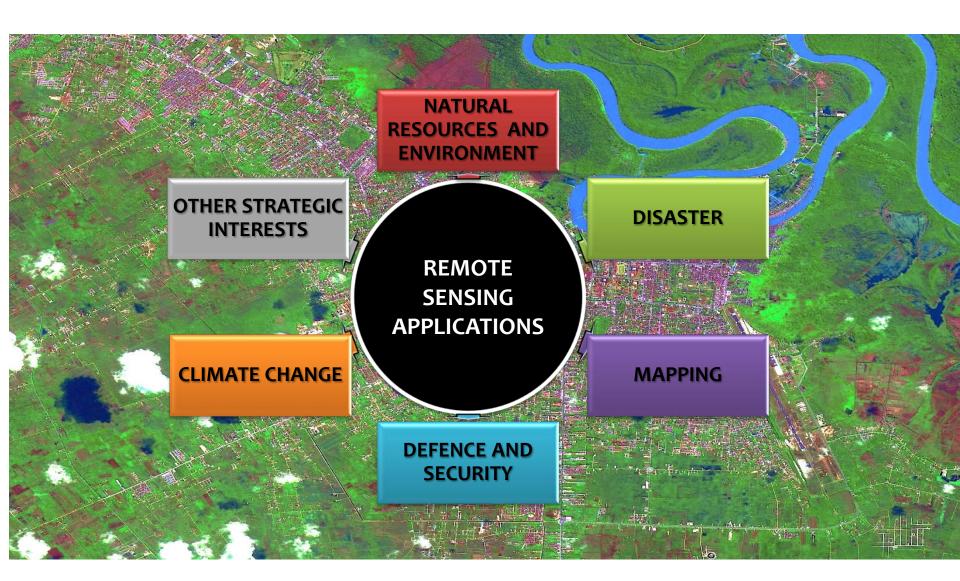




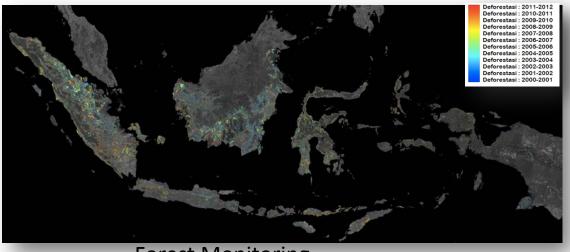
Remote Sensing Application



Remote Sensing Application



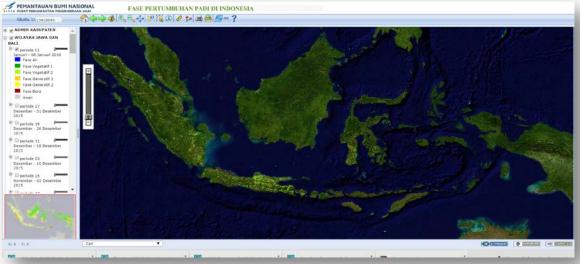
Natural Resources (Land)



Forest Monitoring



Water Resources





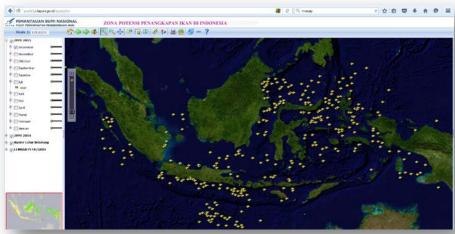
Mining

Agriculture Monitoring

Natural Resources (Sea)



Coral reefs

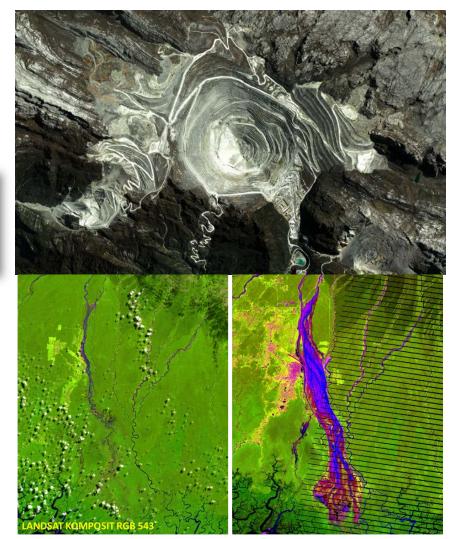


Potential Fishing Ground



Small Island Monitoring

Environment



Mining Exploration Impact

Land adition in Semarang City



Sedimentation in Kendal City



2

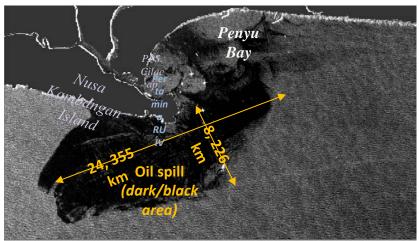
Delta Wedung Changes



Beach sinks due to abrasion, Senik village, Demak Regency (Source : VHRmedia , 2010)

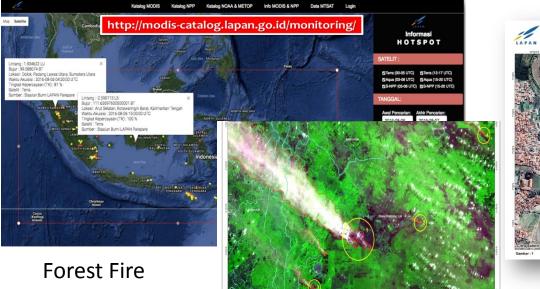
Landsat TM 26 June 2008

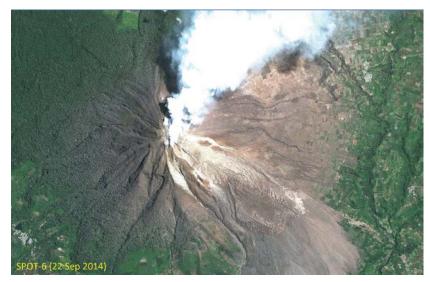
Coastalines changes



Oil Spills

Disaster

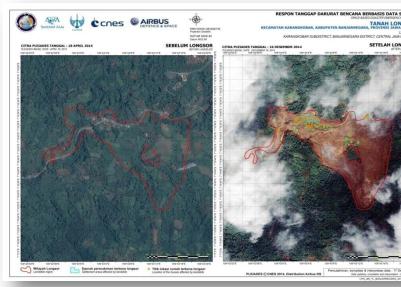




Volcano Eruption

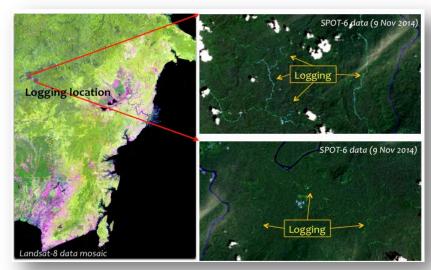


Flood

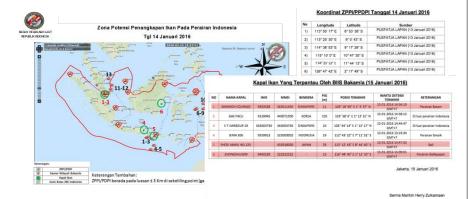


Landslide

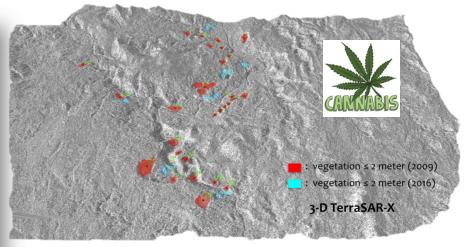
Security and strategic application



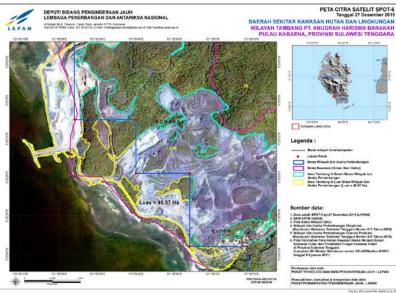
Illegal logging



Illegal Fishing (+AIS detection by LAPAN Sat)



Illegal Crop (Cannabis)



Illegal mining

Security and strategic application (Taxes)

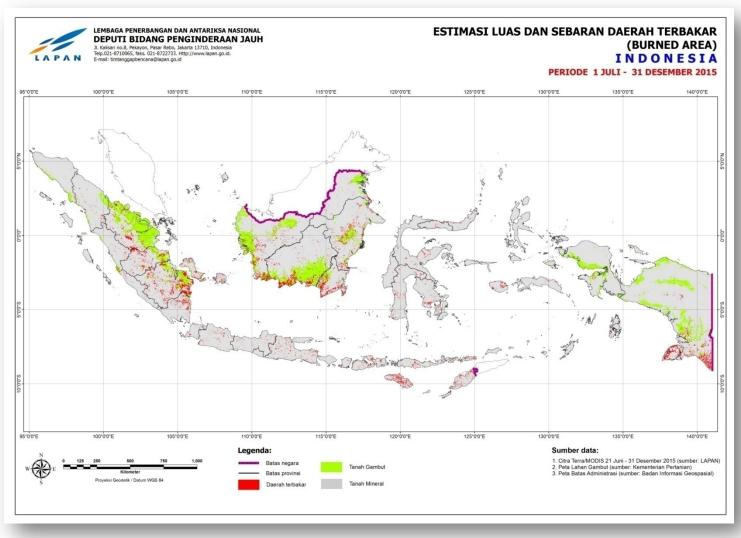


Kota Semarang, IKONOS: 22 Juli 2007 Empty land Kota Semarang, PLEIADES: 06 Maret 2013 New building (new tax object)



Green House Gases and Climate Change

Climate Change (Carbon estimation)



Forest Fire Impact: Burned area mapping



Collaborations



Cooperation with Ministries/Agencies, Army, Police, and private sectors (National)

Ministries/Agencies

- 1. Geospatial Information Agency (BIG)
- 2. Agency for Meteorology, Climatolgy, and Geophysics (BMKG)
- 3. National Board for Disaster Management (BNPB)
- 4. National Narcotics Agency (BNN)
- 5. The Audit Board (BPK)
- 6. Min. of Maritime Affairs and Fisheries (KKP)
- 7. Min. of Environment and Forestry (KLHK)

- 8. Min. of Health (Kemenkes)
- 9. Min. of Finance (Kemenkeu)
- 10. Min. of Public Works and Public Housing (Kemen. PUPR)
- 11. Min. of Agriculture (*Kementan*)

<u>Army</u>

Police

Private sectors

- 1. PT. Perikanan Nusantara
- 2. PT. Citra Sari Makmur
- 3. PT. Marlin



International Collaborations

- JAXA
- USGS
- ISRO
- RSO UNSPIDER
- Astrium DS
- Digital Globe
- Sentinel Asia JAXA
- Safe Project JAXA
- CAST/SSTC

- GIC-AIT
- G4INDO
- JICA
- UNWFP
- GIZ
- CIFOR
- Deltares (JCP-3)
- DLR
- Etc.

