The Third GEOSS Asia-Pacific Symposium: Data Sharing for a Transverse GEOSS A parallel session

Monitoring changes in ecosystem, biodiversity and ecosystem services

Chair: Tetsukazu Yahara

DIVERSITAS / Kyushu University, Japan

Session Program

- Model project on data management of ecosystems (H. Kunii, Shimane University, JaLTER)
- ECOSMAG: An Integrative Research on Ecosystem Services Management in Asia (Suneetha Subramanian, LAND Office, UNUU)
- Vegetation monitoring using satellites (Rikie Suzuki, JAMSTEC)
- The formation of GEO BON (Sebastien Miazza, GEO)
- The role for GBIF in biodiversity monitoring (Keiichi Matsuura, GBIF)
- East and Southeast Asia Biodiversity Inventory Initiative (Noriaki Sakaguchi, Biodiversity Center of Japan)

Timetable

- 9:00-9:10 Introduction
- 9:10-11:30 Six talks (20 min for each)
 - Ecosystem and ecosystem services
 - Progress of biodiversity monitoring
- 11:30-12:00 Discussion for the points reported in the morning session of Feb 6

In the reception

- Yahara: Happy to see you. I am going to chair the biodiversity session.
- ◆ MEXT: Thank you for chairing the session. Biodiversity is difficult to understand, isn't it? (生物多様性は難しいですね)
- Yahara: ??
- MEXT: If we (MEXT) could do anything on biodiversity, it might be the case that biodiversity research could improve the accuracy of carbon estimation for better understanding the global warming.

Many bad news

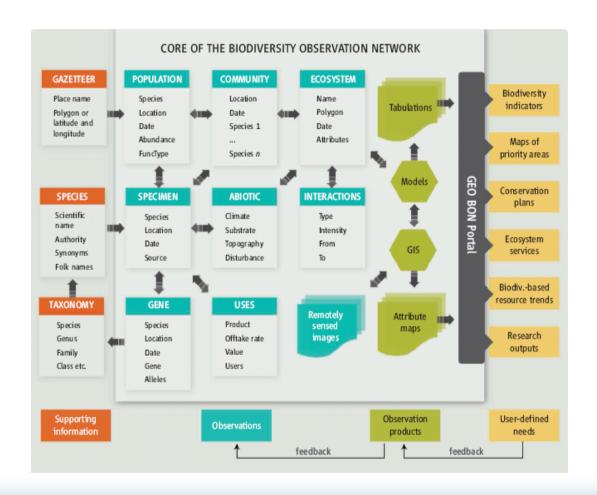
- Forest decline and the loss of terrestrial biota
- Water pollution and the loss of freshwater biota
- Coral bleaching and the loss of marine biota





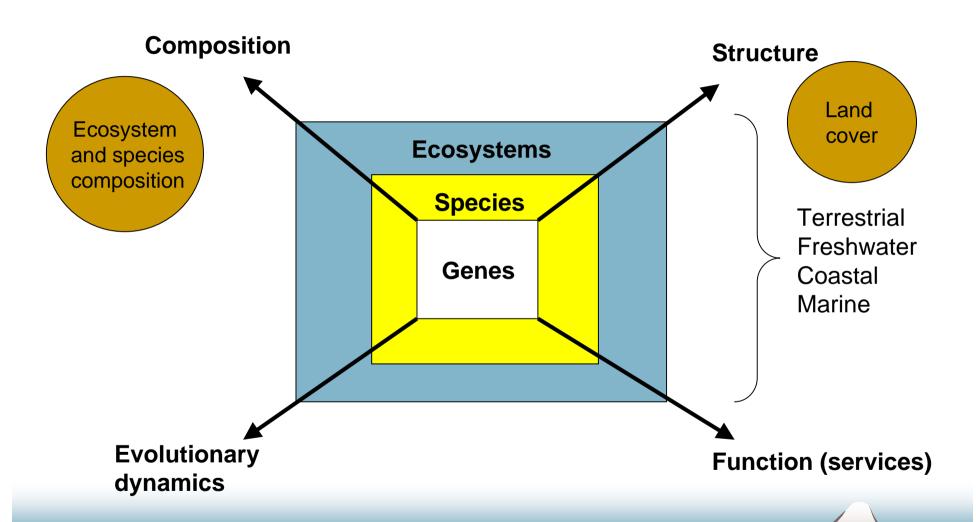


Good news: GEO BON launched



Scholes, R. J. et al. 2008. Science 321: 1044-1045.

The concept of GEO BON



bioGENESIS Science Plan



- New strategies and tools for documenting biodiversity
- The causes and consequences of diversification
- Evolution, diversity and human well being

bioGENESIS Science Plan

Focus 1. New strategies and tools for documenting biodiversity

- Task 1. Discovering the unknown
- Task 2. Capturing biodiversity information
- Task 3. Developing phyloinformatics

Focus 2. The causes and consequences of diversification

- Task 1. Drivers of evolutionary change in diversity
- Task 2. The evolutionary history of biotic assembly
- Task 3. Evolutionary factors in shaping spatial patterns of biodiversity
- Task 4. Evolution of functional traits and its ecological consequences
- Task 5. Eco-evolutionary dynamics

Focus 3. Evolution, diversity and human well being

- Task 1. Evolutionary ecosystem management
- Task 2. Global climatic change
- Task 3. Combating disease
- Task 4. Evolutionary conservation
- Task 5. Evolutionary opportunities

CBD/COP10 and 2010 Target

地球のいのち、つないでいこう

生物多様性

生物多様性条約第10回締約国会議が2010年10月18日から開催されます

CBD/COP10愛知·名古屋

開催まであと

620

No. of the last of

Biological Diversity

The Convention

The Protocol

Programmes

Mechanisms

Information

Secretariat

2010 BIODIVERSITY TARGET

About the 2010 Biodiversity Target

Why Set a Target?

Who is Committed?

Achieving the Target

Assessing Progress

Related Articles

New infrastructure? Let's invest in green capital!

Have your say on 2010!

First local authorities in France to join Countdown 2010

Green Goals in 2010!

Portugal reveals extinct plant species

Partners

All partners

Europe

Americas

Africa

Asia



Global Action for Biodiversity

Nagova Roadmap: CBD charts the way to COP10

top > News > 20 November 08

20 November 2008, Montreal (Canada). How to celebrate the International Year of Biodiversity? What are the key formal negotiation events that the Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity has identified to mark the way ahead from now to the end of 2010? How can we draw the maximum attention of the international community on the 2010 biodiversity target? The Nagoya



Roadmap tentatively lists all formal events in which governments and observers to the CBD will engage in the next 700 days to maximize public awareness of the 2010 biodiversity target.

Urgent needs: Harnessing the synergies of an integrated system

