GEOSS















The 4th meeting of the GEOSS Asia Water Cycle Initiative (AWCI) International Coordination Group (ICG) 4-7 February, 2009 Kyoto, Japan

RECENT SIGNS OF WATER-RELATED DISASTERS IN UZBEKISTAN

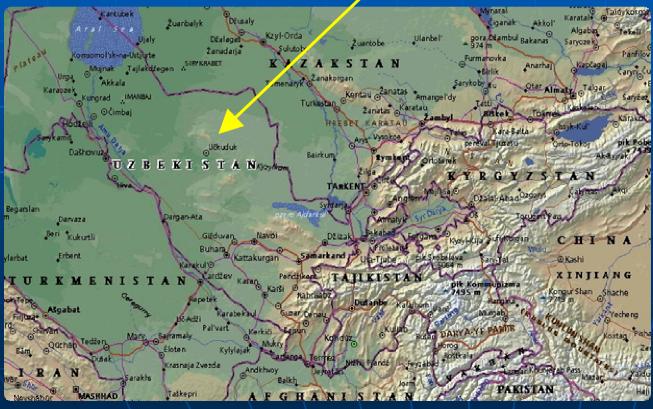
Dr. Sergey MYAGKOV NIGMI of Uzhydromet 72, K.Makhsumov street, Tashkent, 100052, Uzbekistan E-mail: nigmi@albatros.uz

Republic of Uzbekistan

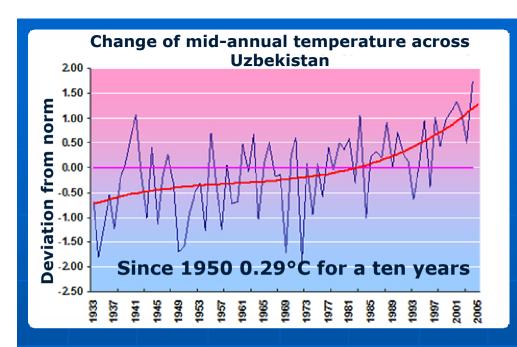


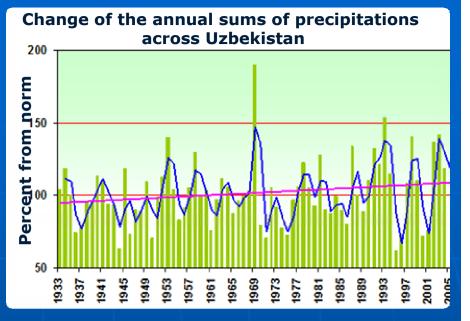


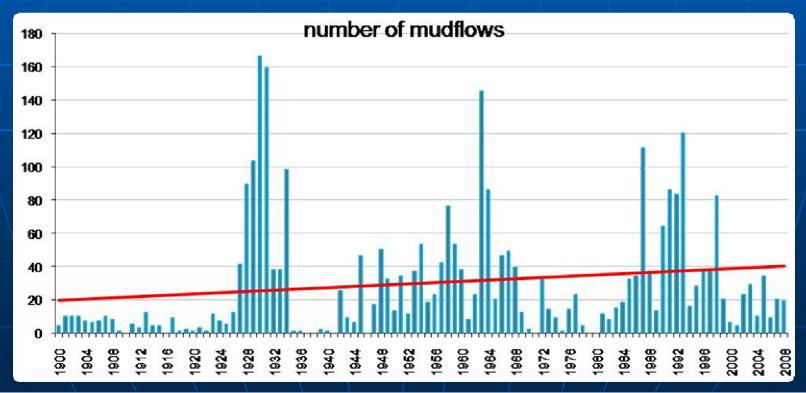




The Republic of Uzbekistan is situated in the central part of the Eurasian continent, between two big rivers of the Amu Darya and Syr Darya. In the northeast the Republic borders on Kazakhstan, in the east and south east — on Kirghizstan and Tajikistan, in the west — on Turkmenistan and in the south — on Afghanistan.







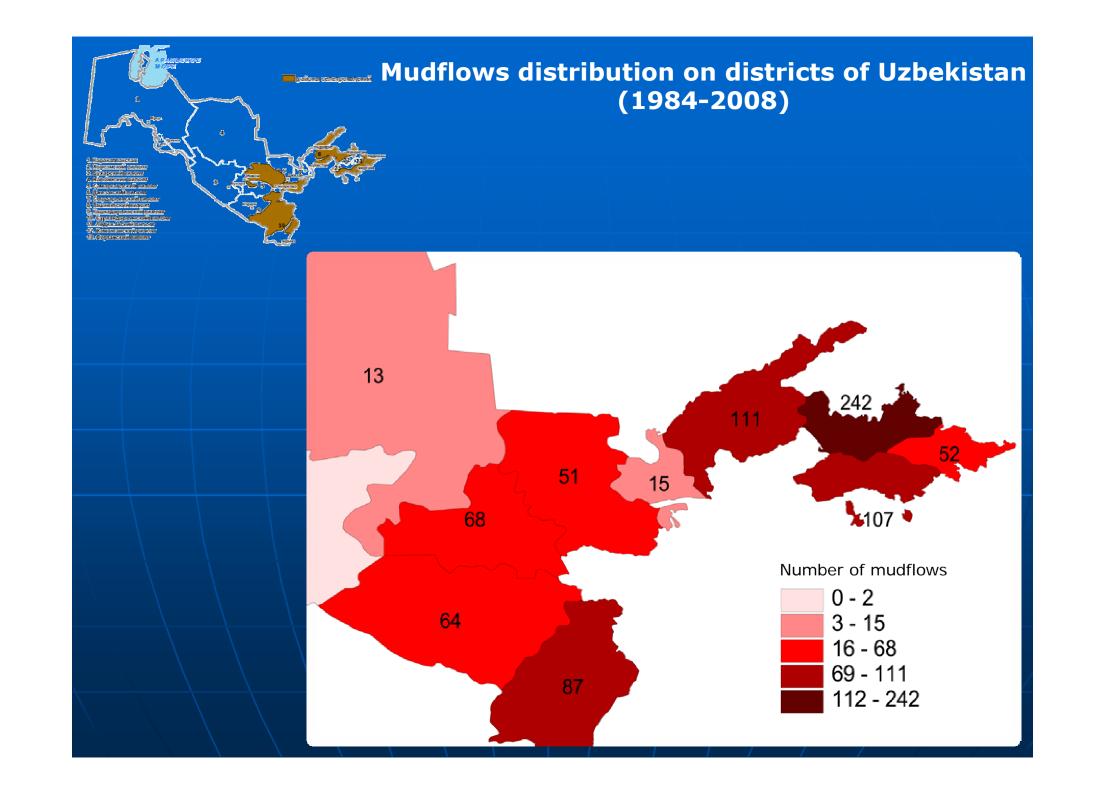


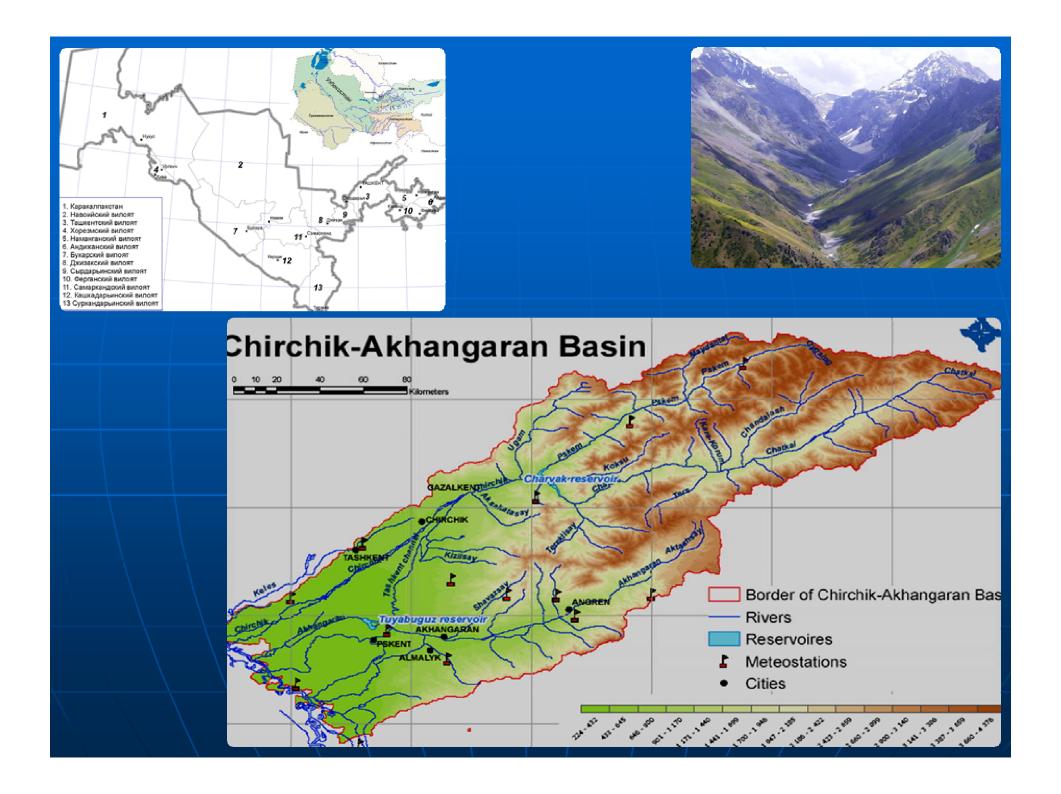
NºNº		Uzbekistan	Chirchik- Akhangaran basin
1	Total amount of mudflows	3312	305
2	Number of mudflows – caused by heavy shower	1484	176
3	Number of mudflows with damage	535	84
4	Number of mudflows with sacrifice	21	3
5	Number of particularly dangerous mudflows event	73	9



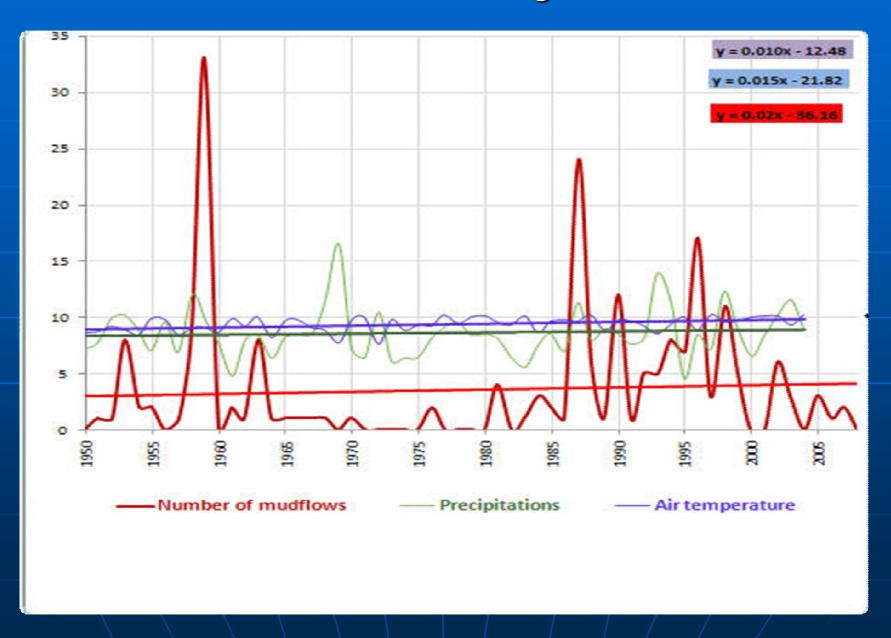
Causes of Mudflows

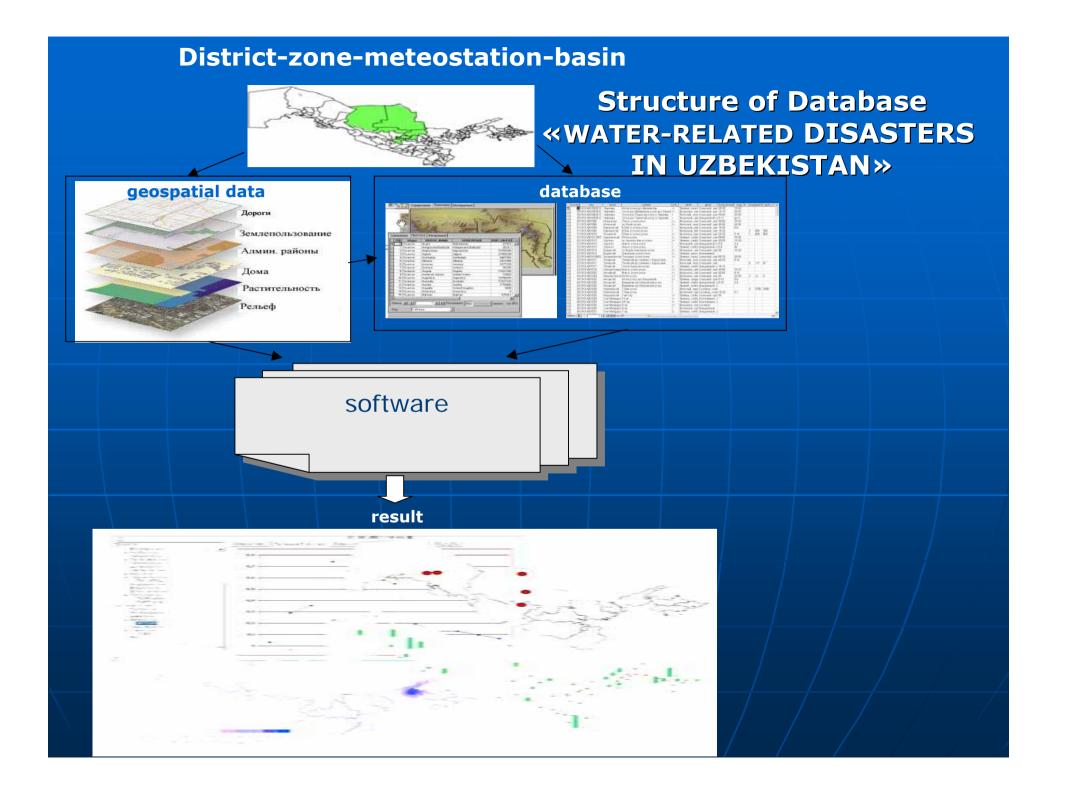
- Storm rainfall 84%
- Melting of snow 6%
- Rain with hail 4.4%
- Melting of snow with rain 3.5%
- Breaking of a dyke 0.9%
- Hail 0.7%
- Breaking of a glacial laks 0.4%
- ■Other causes 0.1%





Trends for Chirchik-Akhangaran basin





«WATER-RELATED DISASTERS IN UZBEKISTAN» Database Structure DE DESCRIPTION AND



